

**Brazil National Olympiad 1995**

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**Day 1**

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- 1  $ABCD$  is a quadrilateral with a circumcircle centre  $O$  and an inscribed circle centre  $I$ . The diagonals intersect at  $S$ . Show that if two of  $O, I, S$  coincide, then it must be a square.
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- 2 Find all real-valued functions on the positive integers such that  $f(x + 1019) = f(x)$  for all  $x$ , and  $f(xy) = f(x)f(y)$  for all  $x, y$ .
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- 3 For any positive integer  $n > 1$ , let  $P(n)$  denote the largest prime divisor of  $n$ . Prove that there exist infinitely many positive integers  $n$  for which

$$P(n) < P(n + 1) < P(n + 2).$$

**Day 2**

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- 4 A regular tetrahedron has side  $L$ . What is the smallest  $x$  such that the tetrahedron can be passed through a loop of twine of length  $x$ ?
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- 5 Show that no one  $n$ -th root of a rational (for  $n$  a positive integer) can be a root of the polynomial  $x^5 - x^4 - 4x^3 + 4x^2 + 2$ .
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- 6  $X$  has  $n$  elements.  $F$  is a family of subsets of  $X$  each with three elements, such that any two of the subsets have at most one element in common. Show that there is a subset of  $X$  with at least  $\sqrt{2n}$  members which does not contain any members of  $F$ .
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