



Baltic Way 1993

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1 $a_1a_2a_3$ and $a_3a_2a_1$ are two three-digit decimal numbers, with a_1 and a_3 different non-zero digits. Squares of these numbers are five-digit numbers $b_1b_2b_3b_4b_5$ and $b_5b_4b_3b_2b_1$ respectively. Find all such three-digit numbers.

2 Do there exist positive integers $a > b > 1$ such that for each positive integer k there exists a positive integer n for which $an + b$ is a k -th power of a positive integer?

3 Lets call a positive integer *interesting* if it is a product of two (distinct or equal) prime numbers. What is the greatest number of consecutive positive integers all of which are interesting?

4 Determine all integers n for which

$$\sqrt{\frac{25}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{625}{4} - n}} + \sqrt{\frac{25}{2} - \sqrt{\frac{625}{4} - n}}$$

is an integer.

5 Prove that for any odd positive integer n , $n^{12} - n^8 - n^4 + 1$ is divisible by 2^9 .

6 Suppose two functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are defined for all x with $2 < x < 4$ and satisfy: $2 < f(x) < 4, 2 < g(x) < 4, f(g(x)) = g(f(x)) = x, f(x) \cdot g(x) = x^2$ for all $2 < x < 4$. Prove that $f(3) = g(3)$.

7 Solve the system of equations in integers:

$$\begin{cases} z^x = y^{2x} \\ 2^z = 4^x \\ x + y + z = 20. \end{cases}$$

8 Compute the sum of all positive integers whose digits form either a strictly increasing or strictly decreasing sequence.

9 Solve the system of equations

$$\begin{cases} x^5 = y + y^5 \\ y^5 = z + z^5 \\ z^5 = t + t^5 \\ t^5 = x + x^5. \end{cases}$$

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- 10** Let a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n and b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n be two finite sequences consisting of $2n$ real different numbers. Rearranging each of the sequences in increasing order we obtain a'_1, a'_2, \dots, a'_n and b'_1, b'_2, \dots, b'_n . Prove that

$$\max_{1 \leq i \leq n} |a_i - b_i| \geq \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} |a'_i - b'_i|.$$

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- 11** An equilateral triangle is divided into n^2 congruent equilateral triangles. A spider stands at one of the vertices, a fly at another. Alternately each of them moves to a neighbouring vertex. Prove that the spider can always catch the fly.

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- 12** There are 13 cities in a certain kingdom. Between some pairs of the cities a two-way direct bus, train or plane connections are established. What is the least possible number of connections to be established so that choosing any two means of transportation one can go from any city to any other without using the third kind of vehicle?

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- 13** An equilateral triangle ABC is divided into 100 congruent equilateral triangles. What is the greatest number of vertices of small triangles that can be chosen so that no two of them lie on a line that is parallel to any of the sides of the triangle ABC ?

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- 14** A square is divided into 16 equal squares, obtaining the set of 25 different vertices. What is the least number of vertices one must remove from this set, so that no 4 points of the remaining set are the vertices of any square with sides parallel to the sides of the initial square?

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- 15** On each face of two dice some positive integer is written. The two dice are thrown and the numbers on the top face are added. Determine whether one can select the integers on the faces so that the possible sums are 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, all equally likely?

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- 16** Two circles, both with the same radius r , are placed in the plane without intersecting each other. A line in the plane intersects the first circle at the points A, B and the other at points C, D , so that $|AB| = |BC| = |CD| = 14$ cm. Another line intersects the circles at E, F , respectively G, H so that $|EF| = |FG| = |GH| = 6$ cm. Find the radius r .

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- 17** Lets consider three pairwise non-parallel straight constant lines in the plane. Three points are moving along these lines with different nonzero velocities, one on each line (we consider the movement to have taken place for infinite time and continue infinitely in the future). Is it possible to determine these straight lines, the velocities of each moving point and their positions at some zero moment in such a way that the points never were, are or will be collinear?

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- 18** In the triangle ABC , $|AB| = 15$, $|BC| = 12$, $|AC| = 13$. Let the median AM and bisector BK intersect at point O , where $M \in BC, K \in AC$. Let $OL \perp AB, L \in AB$. Prove that $\angle OLK = \angle OLM$.

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- 19** A convex quadrangle $ABCD$ is inscribed in a circle with center O . The angles AOB , BOC , COD and DOA , taken in some order, are of the same size as the angles of the quadrangle $ABCD$. Prove that $ABCD$ is a square
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- 20** Let Q be a unit cube. We say that a tetrahedron is **good** if all its edges are equal and all of its vertices lie on the boundary of Q . Find all possible volumes of good tetrahedra.
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