

## **AoPS Community**

## 1994 China National Olympiad

## **China National Olympiad 1994**

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c5217 by jred

## Day 1

1	Let $ABCD$ be a trapezoid with $AB \parallel CD$ . Points $E, F$ lie on segments $AB, CD$ respectively
	Segments $CE, BF$ meet at $H$ , and segments $ED, AF$ meet at $G$ . Show that $S_{EHFG} \leq \frac{1}{4}S_{ABCD}$
	Determine, with proof, if the conclusion still holds when $ABCD$ is just any convex quadrilat eral.
2	There are $m$ pieces of candy held in $n$ trays( $n, m \ge 4$ ). An <i>operation</i> is defined as follow: take out one piece of candy from any two trays respectively, then put them in a third tray. Determine with proof, if we can move all candies to a single tray by finite <i>operations</i> .
3	Find all functions $f : [1, \infty) \to [1, \infty)$ satisfying the following conditions: (1) $f(x) \le 2(x+1)$ ;
	(1) $f(x) \le 2(x+1);$ (2) $f(x+1) = \frac{1}{x}[(f(x))^2 - 1].$
Day	2
4	Let $f(z) = c_0 z^n + c_1 z^{n-1} + c_2 z^{n-2} + \dots + c_{n-1} z + c_n$ be a polynomial with complex coefficients. Prove that there exists a complex number $z_0$ such that $ f(z_0)  \ge  c_0  +  c_n $ , where $ z_0  \le 1$ .
5	For arbitrary natural number $n$ , prove that $\sum_{k=0}^{n} C_n^k 2^k C_{n-k}^{[(n-k)/2]} = C_{2n+1}^n$ , where $C_0^0 = 1$ and $[\frac{n-k}{2}]$ denotes the integer part of $\frac{n-k}{2}$ .
6	Let <i>M</i> be a point which has coordinates $(p \times 1994, 7p \times 1994)$ in the Cartesian plane ( <i>p</i> is a prime). Find the number of right-triangles satisfying the following conditions: (1) all vertexes of the triangle are lattice points, moreover <i>M</i> is on the right-angled corner of the triangle; (2) the origin (0, 0) is the incenter of the triangle.

🟟 AoPS Online 🟟 AoPS Academy 🟟 AoPS 🗱