

**South East Mathematical Olympiad 2005**

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by zhaoli, warut\_suk, trainer14, seshadri, dblues, yetti, Sjoerd, enescu

**Day 1 July 10th**

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**1** Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  be a parameter.

(1) Prove that the curves of  $y = x^2 + (a + 2)x - 2a + 1$  pass through a fixed point; also, the vertices of these parabolas all lie on the curve of a certain parabola.

(2) If the function  $x^2 + (a + 2)x - 2a + 1 = 0$  has two distinct real roots, find the value range of the larger root.

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**2** Circle  $C$  (with center  $O$ ) does not have common point with line  $l$ . Draw  $OP$  perpendicular to  $l$ ,  $P \in l$ . Let  $Q$  be a point on  $l$  ( $Q$  is different from  $P$ ),  $QA$  and  $QB$  are tangent to circle  $C$ , and intersect the circle at  $A$  and  $B$  respectively.  $AB$  intersects  $OP$  at  $K$ .  $PM$ ,  $PN$  are perpendicular to  $QB$ ,  $QA$ , respectively,  $M \in QB$ ,  $N \in QA$ . Prove that segment  $KP$  is bisected by line  $MN$ .

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**3** Let  $n$  be positive integer, set  $M = \{1, 2, \dots, 2n\}$ . Find the minimum positive integer  $k$  such that for any subset  $A$  (with  $k$  elements) of set  $M$ , there exist four pairwise distinct elements in  $A$  whose sum is  $4n + 1$ .

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**4** Find all positive integer solutions  $(a, b, c)$  to the function  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 2005$ , where  $a \leq b \leq c$ .

**Day 2 July 11th**

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**5** Line  $l$  tangents unit circle  $S$  in point  $P$ . Point  $A$  and circle  $S$  are on the same side of  $l$ , and the distance from  $A$  to  $l$  is  $h$  ( $h > 2$ ). Two tangents of circle  $S$  are drawn from  $A$ , and intersect line  $l$  at points  $B$  and  $C$  respectively.

Find the value of  $PB \cdot PC$ .

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**6** Let  $P(A)$  be the arithmetic-means of all elements of set  $A = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$ , namely  $P(A) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i$ . We denote  $B$  "balanced subset" of  $A$ , if  $B$  is a non-empty subset of  $A$  and  $P(B) = P(A)$ . Let set  $M = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ .

Find the number of all "balanced subset" of  $M$ .

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**7** (1) Find the possible number of roots for the equation  $|x + 1| + |x + 2| + |x + 3| = a$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $a$  is parameter.

(2) Let  $\{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$  be an arithmetic progression,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , and satisfy the condition

$$\sum_{i=1}^n |a_i| = \sum_{i=1}^n |a_i + 1| = \sum_{i=1}^n |a_i - 2| = 507.$$

Find the maximum value of  $n$ .

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**8** Let  $0 < \alpha, \beta, \gamma < \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\sin^3 \alpha + \sin^3 \beta + \sin^3 \gamma = 1$ . Prove that

$$\tan^2 \alpha + \tan^2 \beta + \tan^2 \gamma \geq \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}.$$

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