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– Paper 1

**1** Find all real numbers  $x$  which satisfy:  $\frac{x^2}{(x+1-\sqrt{x+1})^2} < \frac{x^2+3x+18}{(x+1)^2}$ .

**2** Show that there is a positive number in the Fibonacci sequence which is divisible by 1000.

**3** If  $AD$  is the altitude,  $BE$  the angle bisector, and  $CF$  the median of a triangle  $ABC$ , prove that  $AD$ ,  $BE$ , and  $CF$  are concurrent if and only if:

$$a^2(a-c) = (b^2 - c^2)(a+c),$$

where  $a, b, c$  are the lengths of the sides  $BC, CA, AB$ , respectively.

**4** A  $100 \times 100$  square floor consisting of 10000 squares is to be tiled by rectangular  $1 \times 3$  tiles, fitting exactly over three squares of the floor. (a) If a  $2 \times 2$  square is removed from the center of the floor, prove that the rest of the floor can be tiled with the available tiles. (b) If, instead, a  $2 \times 2$  square is removed from the corner, prove that such a tiling is not possible.

**5** The sequence  $u_n, n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  is defined by  $u_0 = 0, u_1 = 1$  and for each  $n \geq 1, u_{n+1}$  is the smallest positive integer greater than  $u_n$  such that  $\{u_0, u_1, \dots, u_{n+1}\}$  contains no three elements in arithmetic progression. Find  $u_{100}$ .

– Paper 2

**1** Solve the system of equations:  
 $y^2 = (x+8)(x^2+2), y^2 - (8+4x)y + (16+16x-5x^2) = 0$ .

**2** A function  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  satisfies: (a)  $f(ab) = f(a)f(b)$  whenever  $a$  and  $b$  are coprime; (b)  $f(p+q) = f(p) + f(q)$  for all prime numbers  $p$  and  $q$ .  
Prove that  $f(2) = 2, f(3) = 3$  and  $f(1999) = 1999$ .

**3** The sum of positive real numbers  $a, b, c, d$  is 1. Prove that:

$$\frac{a^2}{a+b} + \frac{b^2}{b+c} + \frac{c^2}{c+d} + \frac{d^2}{d+a} \geq \frac{1}{2},$$

with equality if and only if  $a = b = c = d = \frac{1}{4}$ .

**4** Find all positive integers  $m$  with the property that the fourth power of the number of (positive) divisors of  $m$  equals  $m$ .

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- 5** A convex hexagon  $ABCDEF$  satisfies  $AB = BC, CD = DE, EF = FA$  and:  $\angle ABC + \angle CDE + \angle EFA = 360^\circ$ . Prove that the perpendiculars from  $A, C$  and  $E$  to  $FB, BD$  and  $DF$  respectively are concurrent.
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