

## **AoPS Community**

## 2015 Canada National Olympiad

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www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c71018 by aditya21

- 1 Let  $\mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, ...\}$  be the set of positive integers. Find all functions f, defined on  $\mathbb{N}$  and taking values in  $\mathbb{N}$ , such that  $(n-1)^2 < f(n)f(f(n)) < n^2 + n$  for every positive integer n.
- **2** Let *ABC* be an acute-angled triangle with altitudes *AD*, *BE*, and *CF*. Let *H* be the orthocentre, that is, the point where the altitudes meet. Prove that

$$\frac{AB \cdot AC + BC \cdot CA + CA \cdot CB}{AH \cdot AD + BH \cdot BE + CH \cdot CF} \le 2.$$

- **3** On a  $(4n + 2) \times (4n + 2)$  square grid, a turtle can move between squares sharing a side. The turtle begins in a corner square of the grid and enters each square exactly once, ending in the square where she started. In terms of n, what is the largest positive integer k such that there must be a row or column that the turtle has entered at least k distinct times?
- 4 Let *ABC* be an acute-angled triangle with circumcenter *O*. Let *I* be a circle with center on the altitude from *A* in *ABC*, passing through vertex *A* and points *P* and *Q* on sides *AB* and *AC*. Assume that

$$BP \cdot CQ = AP \cdot AQ.$$

Prove that *I* is tangent to the circumcircle of triangle *BOC*.

**5** Let p be a prime number for which  $\frac{p-1}{2}$  is also prime, and let a, b, c be integers not divisible by p. Prove that there are at most  $1 + \sqrt{2p}$  positive integers n such that n < p and p divides  $a^n + b^n + c^n$ .

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