

AoPS Community

Silk Road Mathematics Competiton 2012

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c714833 by parmenides51

- **1** Trapezium ABCD, where BC||AD, is inscribed in a circle, E is midpoint of the arc AD of this circle not containing point C. Let F be the foot of the perpendicular drawn from E on the line tangent to the circle at the point C. Prove that BC = 2CF.
- 2 In each cell of the table 4×4 , in which the lines are labeled with numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and columns with letters a, b, c, d, one number is written: 0 or 1. Such a table is called *valid* if there are exactly two units in each of its rows and in each column. Determine the number of *valid* tables.
- 3 Let n > 1 be an integer. Determine the greatest common divisor of the set of numbers $\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2n \\ 2i+1 \end{pmatrix} : 0 \le i \le n-1 \right\}$ i.e. the largest positive integer, dividing $\begin{pmatrix} 2n \\ 2i+1 \end{pmatrix}$ without remainder for every i = 0, 1, ..., n-1. (Here $\begin{pmatrix} m \\ l \end{pmatrix} = C_m^l = \frac{m!}{l!(m-l)!}$ is binomial coefficient.)

4 Prove that for any positive integer *n*, the arithmetic mean of
$$\sqrt[1]{1}, \sqrt[2]{2}, \sqrt[3]{3}, \dots, \sqrt[n]{n}$$
 lies in $\left[1, 1 + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{n}}\right]$

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