

## **AoPS Community**

### 2016 Bosnia And Herzegovina - Regional Olympiad

#### Regional Olympiad - Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina 2016

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c734667 by gobathegreat

- Sarajevo, April 23rd
- Grade 9
- 1 Find minimal value of  $A = \frac{\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^6 \left(x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6}\right) 2}{\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^3 + \left(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)}$
- **2** Let *ABC* be an isosceles triangle such that  $\angle BAC = 100^{\circ}$ . Let *D* be an intersection point of angle bisector of  $\angle ABC$  and side *AC*, prove that AD + DB = BC
- **3** Nine lines are given such that every one of them intersects given square ABCD on two trapezoids, which area ratio is 2:3. Prove that at least 3 of those 9 lines pass through the same point
- 4 Let *a* and *b* be distinct positive integers, bigger that  $10^6$ , such that  $(a + b)^3$  is divisible with *ab*. Prove that  $|a - b| > 10^4$
- Grade 10

1	If $ ax^2 + bx + c  \le 1$ for a	I $x \in [-1, 1]$ prove that:	$a) \mid c \mid \leq 1 b) \mid a + c \mid \leq 1 b$	$\leq 1 c) a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \leq 5$
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- **2** Let *a* and *b* be two positive integers such that 2ab divides  $a^2 + b^2 a$ . Prove that *a* is perfect square
- **3** Let AB be a diameter of semicircle h. On this semicircle there is point C, distinct from points A and B. Foot of perpendicular from point C to side AB is point D. Circle k is outside the triangle ADC and at the same time touches semicircle h and sides AB and CD. Touching point of k with side AB is point E, with semicircle h is point T and with side CD is point S a) Prove that points A, S and T are collinear b) Prove that AC = AE
- 4 Let A be a set of 65 integers with pairwise different remainders modulo 2016. Prove that exists a subset  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$  of set A such that a + b c d is divisible with 2016
- Grade 11

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1 Let a and b be real numbers bigger than 1. Find maximal value of  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$\frac{1}{3 + \log_a b} + \frac{1}{3 + \log_b a} \ge c$$

- **2** Does there exist a right angled triangle, which hypotenuse is  $2016^{2017}$  and two other sides positive integers.
- **3**  $h_a$ ,  $h_b$  and  $h_c$  are altitudes,  $t_a$ ,  $t_b$  and  $t_c$  are medians of acute triangle, r radius of incircle, and R radius of circumcircle of acute triangle *ABC*. Prove that

$$\frac{t_a}{h_a} + \frac{t_b}{h_b} + \frac{t_c}{h_c} \leq 1 + \frac{R}{r}$$

- 4 It is given circle with center in center of coordinate center with radius of 2016. On circle and inside it are 540 points with integer coordinates such that no three of them are collinear. Prove that there exist two triangles with vertices in given points such that they have same area
- Grade 12

1 Let 
$$a_1 = 1$$
 and  $a_{n+1} = a_n + \frac{1}{2a_n}$  for  $n \ge 1$ . Prove that  $a$ )  $n \le a_n^2 < n + \sqrt[3]{n} b$ )  $\lim_{n \to \infty} (a_n - \sqrt{n}) = 0$ 

- **2** Find all elements  $n \in A = \{2, 3, ..., 2016\} \subset \mathbb{N}$  such that: every number  $m \in A$  smaller than n, and coprime with n, must be a prime number
- **3** Circle of radius  $R_1$  is inscribed in an acute angle  $\alpha$ . Second circle with radius  $R_2$  touches one of the sides forming the angle  $\alpha$  in same point as first circle and intersects the second side in points A and B, such that centers of both circles lie inside angle  $\alpha$ . Prove that

$$AB = 4\cos\frac{\alpha}{2}\sqrt{(R_2 - R_1)\left(R_1\cos^2\frac{\alpha}{2} + R_2\sin^2\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)}$$

**4** Find all functions  $f : \mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{R}$  such that: a) f(1) + 2 > 0 b) f(x + y) - xf(y) - yf(x) = f(x)f(y) + f(x) + f(y) + xy,  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{Q}$  c) f(x) = 3f(x + 1) + 2x + 5,  $\forall x \in \mathbb{Q}$ 

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