

German National Olympiad 2019, Final Roundwww.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c895150

by Tintarn

– Day 1

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- 1 Determine all real solutions (x, y) of the following system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x &= 3x^2y - y^3, \\ y &= x^3 - 3xy^2\end{aligned}$$

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- 2 Let a and b be two circles, intersecting in two distinct points Y and Z . A circle k touches the circles a and b externally in the points A and B .

Show that the angular bisectors of the angles $\angle ZAY$ and $\angle YBZ$ intersect on the line YZ .

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- 3 In the cartesian plane consider rectangles with sides parallel to the coordinate axes. We say that one rectangle is *below* another rectangle if there is a line g parallel to the x -axis such that the first rectangle is below g , the second one above g and both rectangles do not touch g .

Similarly, we say that one rectangle is *to the right of* another rectangle if there is a line h parallel to the y -axis such that the first rectangle is to the right of h , the second one to the left of h and both rectangles do not touch h .

Show that any finite set of n pairwise disjoint rectangles with sides parallel to the coordinate axes can be enumerated as a sequence (R_1, \dots, R_n) so that for all indices i, j with $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ the rectangle R_i is to the right of or below the rectangle R_j

– Day 2

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- 4 Show that for each non-negative integer n there are unique non-negative integers x and y such that we have

$$n = \frac{(x + y)^2 + 3x + y}{2}.$$

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- 5 We are given two positive integers p and q .

Step by step, a rope of length 1 is cut into smaller pieces as follows: In each step all the currently longest pieces are cut into two pieces with the ratio $p : q$ at the same time.

After an unknown number of such operations, the currently longest pieces have the length x .

Determine in terms of x the number $a(x)$ of different lengths of pieces of rope existing at that time.

- 6 Suppose that real numbers x, y and z satisfy the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x + \frac{y}{z} &= 2, \\y + \frac{z}{x} &= 2, \\z + \frac{x}{y} &= 2.\end{aligned}$$

Show that $s = x + y + z$ must be equal to 3 or 7.

Note: It is not required to show the existence of such numbers x, y, z .
