

**Moscow Mathematical Olympiad 1939**[www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c908779](http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c908779)

by parmenides51

– tour 1

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**043** Solve the system 
$$\begin{cases} 3xyz - x^3 - y^3 - z^3 = b^3 \\ x + y + z = 2b \\ x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = b^2 \end{cases}$$

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**044** Prove that  $\cos \frac{2\pi}{5} + \cos \frac{4\pi}{5} = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

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**045** Consider points  $A, B, C$ . Draw a line through  $A$  so that the sum of distances from  $B$  and  $C$  to this line is equal to the length of a given segment.

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**046** Solve the equation  $\sqrt{a - \sqrt{a + x}} = x$  for  $x$ .

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**047** Prove that for any triangle the bisector lies between the median and the height drawn from the same vertex.

– tour 2

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**048** Factor  $a^{10} + a^5 + 1$  into nonconstant polynomials with integer coefficients

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**049** Let the product of two polynomials of a variable  $x$  with integer coefficients be a polynomial with even coefficients not all of which are divisible by 4. Prove that all the coefficients of one of the polynomials are even and that at least one of the coefficients of the other polynomial is odd.

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**050** Given two points  $A$  and  $B$  and a circle, find a point  $X$  on the circle so that points  $C$  and  $D$  at which lines  $AX$  and  $BX$  intersect the circle are the endpoints of the chord  $CD$  parallel to a given line  $MN$ .

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**051** Find the remainder after division of  $10^{10} + 10^{10^2} + 10^{10^3} + \dots + 10^{10^{10}}$  by 7.

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**052** Consider a regular pyramid and a perpendicular to its base at an arbitrary point  $P$ . Prove that the sum of the lengths of the segments connecting  $P$  to the intersection points of the perpendicular with the planes of the pyramids faces does not depend on the location of  $P$ .

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**053** What is the greatest number of parts that 5 spheres can divide the space into?

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