## AoPS Community

## Dutch Mathematical Olympiad 2003

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1 A Pythagorean triangle is a right triangle whose three sides are integers.
The best known example is the triangle with rectangular sides 3 and 4 and hypotenuse 5 . Determine all Pythagorean triangles whose area is twice the perimeter.

2 Two squares with side 12 lie exactly on top of each other.
One square is rotated around a corner point through an angle of 30 degrees relative to the other square.
Determine the area of the common piece of the two squares.


3 Determine all positive integers $n$ that can be written as the product of two consecutive integers and as well as the product of four consecutive integers numbers.
In the formula: $n=a(a+1)=b(b+1)(b+2)(b+3)$.
4 In a circle with center $M$, two chords $A C$ and $B D$ intersect perpendicularly.
The circle of diameter $A M$ intersects the circle of diameter $B M$ besides $M$ also in point $P$. The circle of diameter $B M$ intersects the circle with diameter $C M$ besides $M$ also in point $Q$. The circle of diameter $C M$ intersects the circle of diameter $D M$ besides $M$ also in point $R$. The circle of diameter $D M$ intersects the circle of diameter $A M$ besides $M$ also in point $S$. Prove that quadrilateral $P Q R S$ is a rectangle.


5 There are a number of cards on a table. A number is written on each card. The "pick and replace" operation involves the following: two random cards are taken from the table and replaced by one new card. If the numbers $a$ and $b$ appear on the two packed cards, the number $a+b+a b$ is set on the new card.
If we start with ten cards with the numbers $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$ and 10 respectively, what value(s) can the number have that "grab and replace" nine times is on the only card still on the table? Prove your answer

